Introduction to Statistics and Data Science using *eStat* Chapter 5 Probability Distribution

# 5.4 Continuous Random Variable - Exponential Distribution -

Jung Jin Lee Professor of Soongsil University, Korea Visiting Professor of ADA University, Azerbaijan

#### **5.4.2 Exponential Distribution**

- Most of the continuous data obtained in real life follows normal distribution, but sometimes it is not as following examples.
  - Investigate time interval of coming calls between 9am and 10am in an office.
  - Investigate time interval between defective products appearing in a factory production line.
- These examples are the data that appears when events occur at the same rate at a given time (e.g., three calls per hour, etc.).
- If the average number of events per unit hour is λ and X is time between events, then X is exponential distribution.

#### **5.4.2 Exponential Distribution**

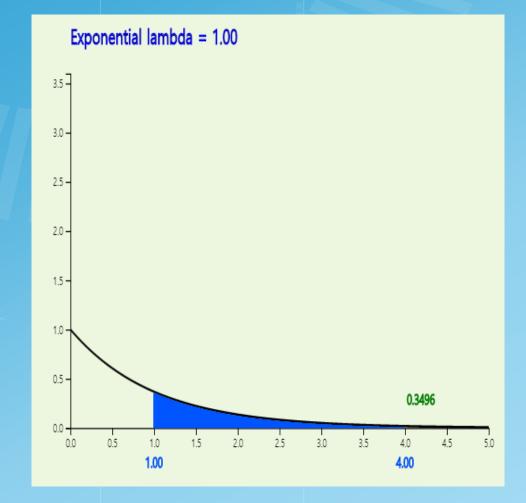
When the average number of events per unit hour is λ and X is time between events, the probability distribution function of X is as follows:

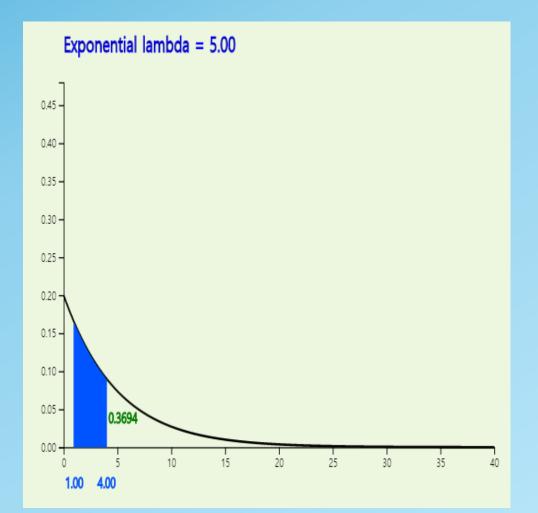
 $f(x) = \lambda \exp(-\lambda), \quad x > 0$ 

It is called an exponential distribution.

$$E(X) = rac{1}{\lambda}$$
,  $V(X) = rac{1}{\lambda^2}$ 

#### 5.4.2 Exponential Distribution





[Ex 5.4.7] If the average life span of a product is 10 hours and follows the exponential distribution, obtain the following probabilities using "eStatU...
1) What is the probability of a product having a lifespan of less than 5 hours?
2) What is the probability of a product having a lifespan more than 10 hours?

Select = 10 in 'Exponential Distribution' of "eStatU\_

1) Enter 0 and 5 at the boxes on the 1<sup>st</sup> line below the distribution graph as follows and click [Execute] button,,

P( 0.00 < X < 5 ) = 0.3297
</p>

 Similarly, enter 10 and a large number 50 at the boxes on the 1<sup>st</sup> line below the distribution graph as follows and click [Execute] button,...

● P( 10 < X < 50 ) = 0.3611



# Thank you